

THE ROLE OF LANGUAGE AND LAW IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE UZBEK LANGUAGE

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ABSTRACT

The development trend of world science changes every period due to the changes in the development of society. In the 20th century, most research was conducted only in a specific discipline, but today in the 21st century this trend has changed and there is a great need for research at the intersection of several disciplines. Because some of the problems that arise in human life today cannot be solved by a single science, it requires the interaction of several disciplines.

Keywords: Linguistics, development of society, a specific discipline, the socialization of language, the development of language, , the methodology of legislation, Uzbek legal linguistics.

INTRODUCTION

Therefore, today world science pays special attention to the issue of interdisciplinary integration, due to which such disciplines as legal psychology, military geography, physical chemistry, mathematical linguistics, computational linguistics and case law have been established and are developing rapidly.

From this point of view, in Uzbekistan, a number of disciplines are being integrated, and at the intersection of several disciplines, new scientific directions and disciplines are emerging.

This phenomenon can be explained by the socialization of language because any field manifests itself through language. Therefore, the knowledge and concepts related to this field are expressed through words, terms and sentences. The terms used in this field do not meet certain requirements, if the sentences are not grammatically correct, it is difficult to master this knowledge. As a result, in a sense, it has a negative impact on the development of the industry. From this point of view, the integration of linguistics with other fields is very important in the development of the state and society. Therefore, today Uzbek linguistics is integrating with other fields. In particular, such disciplines as mathematical linguistics, computer linguistics, applied linguistics, anthropolinguistics, sociolinguistics, psycholinguistics, jurisprudence are developing. However, from the point of view of the scale of development of these disciplines, it can be seen that the science in the Uzbek language is developing more slowly than other developed fields in the world. Because the above sciences have reached the peak of development in world science, even based on these integrated sciences, new scientific directions are being established. In particular, a number of disciplines are being formed on the basis of jurisprudence, such as forensic linguistics, forensic linguistics, law-making linguistics.

Therefore, today the development of Uzbek linguistics in integration with other disciplines is an important task for linguists and other scientists. Initially, it can be said that this task would

not be easy to be realized. Because it requires a specialist who studies the field to know not only one field, but also several areas perfectly. For example, a mathematician must be fluent in linguistics and mathematics, a computer linguist must be fluent in linguistics and computer technology, and a legal linguist must be fluent in linguistics and law.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Advanced research has been created in these areas, which is important for the development of the state and society. In this area, it should be noted that the integration of language and law is very important due to its role and importance in building a democratic society.

Because law plays an extremely important role in the development of language, and language in the development of law. In particular, if any national language is given legal status (such as a state language, an international language), it will develop and expand its scope. Otherwise, the language will be declined. Such a situation can also be seen in the role of language in the development of law. For example, today, when we are celebrating thirty years of independence, why do we prepare all our state papers in the state language - Uzbek, and then do not adopt them? First, we prepare them in a foreign language and then translate them into Uzbek. This causes problems in the understanding of some state projects by our citizens. In the Uzbek and Russian versions of the draft laws, there are cases of inconsistencies in content and reciprocity.

Main part

It should be noted that the rule of law we want to build today will be built only if the laws are written clearly, fluently, clearly and in a perfect style, because then the state documentations will be easier for citizens to understand and the law will be easier to implement. Otherwise, law enforcement would not be fully guaranteed. In this context that the integration of law and language in the development of any state and society, the role of language in the development of law, the definition of the place and role of law in language development are important. These issues are the object of study of jurisprudence. In Uzbekistan, the development of this area of science is an urgent task.

However, this task is such a complex process that it is based on advanced international experience, without developing a general methodological basis for improving the Uzbek legal language, and most importantly, without studying jurisprudence, which has already formed a separate branch of linguistics in world science. It is much more difficult to implement in Uzbekistan as a special scientific direction without constant improvement.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Because the language of law, the methodology of legislation is a new independent direction of scientific research. This field is an interdisciplinary problem related to jurisprudence and linguistics. The research in this area requires both linguistic and legal knowledge at the same time. In addition, although the field of jurisprudence was formed in world science almost a century ago, in our country there was a great need for it after independence when laws began to be prepared in the state language. As a result, the field of science dealing with these issues appeared at the crossroads of jurisprudence and linguistics in Uzbekistan however after independence, the «Jurisprudence" and the "Higher Linguistics" are developed very slowly. Therefore, the concept of "language of law" entered our country after the 1990s, and today a lot of work is being done in this area in our country. Research work on the Uzbek legal language and terminology is underway. Many lawyers and linguists have published a number of scientific pamphlets, dictionaries and popular scientific articles on the Uzbek legal language.

However, if we compare all this with the field of legal linguistics in other developed countries, it can be assessed as a drop in the ocean.

The study of the formation and development of Uzbek legal linguistics and its role in the legislative process, the unification and standardization of legal terms, the creation of an explanatory dictionary, including the interpretation of modern legal terms, as well as terms used by our ancestors in Muslim law. Therefore, special attention is one of the urgent tasks of Uzbek linguistics. In our opinion, in order to develop this field in Uzbekistan today at the level of world science, it is necessary to pay special attention to the following issues:

1. The Higher Attestation Commission of the Republic of Uzbekistan and the Ministry of Innovative Development consider jurisprudential research to be a priority in our country, and linguists and legal scholars should pay special attention to the above-mentioned (scientific directions, diplomats, economists, etc.) and it is desirable that they create a lot of research in this area.

2. The issue of awarding a degree in philology or jurisprudence to the author of research and dissertation work in the field of jurisprudence is also important today. In this case, in our opinion, it is expedient to follow the principle of academic degree, depending on the content of the work.

That is, if the main content of the research work is in the linguistic aspect, philology should be given an academic degree in the sciences. If the main content of the work is for legal sciences, a degree in law should be awarded. To do this, it is advisable to use the experience of the Russian Higher Attestation Commission.

3. The legislature, deputies and senators of the OliyMajlis¹, should pay more attention to the qualitatively perfect development of laws, the language and style of expression of normative legal acts. To do this, they should have a certain knowledge of jurisprudence, legal techniques, and legal methodology.

4. One of the most important tasks in this area is the training of specialists in the field of jurisprudence. Therefore, it is expedient to organize a master's degree in "Jurisprudence" at the Alisher Navoi University of Uzbek Language and Literature and Tashkent State Law University and to train specialists there.

In general, the development of the field of jurisprudence in Uzbekistan in the field of science, practice and education is an urgent task. It can be said that this plays an important role in the development of the state and society.

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