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## VOLUME, DYNAMICS AND ROUTES OF SPREADING THE TRAFFICKING IN HUMAN BEINGS

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### ABSTRACT

Human trafficking is considered a form of organized crime, due to the character highly socially dangerous, which is one of assimilate with modern form of slavery - forms of criminality that produce billions of dollars and that affect us the most severe forms possible freedoms and fundamental human rights. According to statistics of the Organization of the United Nations and the Council of Europe, human trafficking generates about 32 billion dollars a year and represents the third form of trafficking prevalent in the world after drug trafficking and the arms. Trafficking in human beings as dangerous form of crime is very present in contemporary society. Trafficking in human beings is a phenomenon which is known today under the term „ modern slavery "where criminal groups are involved who deal not only with the trafficking of women but also to men and children for sexual exploitation. These criminal groups operating in an organized way and in coordination with various stretching at regional, continental and intercontinental.

### **Volume and dynamics of spreading the trafficking in human beings**

Trafficking in human beings as dangerous form of crime is very present in contemporary society. Thus, according to some data released by the US State Department estimated that the international dimensions watched in years, each year an average of trafficked between 600,000 to 900,000 persons, while only in the US This number is between 14,500 and 50,000 people (JS Albanese, Transnational Crime and the 21st Century (Criminal Enterprise, Corruption and Opportunity), Oxford University Press, New York-Oxford, 2011, pg. 51). This criminal phenomenon was very much present even after the war in Kosovo, and continues to be present today. According to Kosovo Police for 2001-2010, trafficking in persons in Kosovo was very high. Thus, based on the number of people suspected of human trafficking in years for this period we have progress as follows:

The number of people suspected of human trafficking and other offenses related to trafficking in Kosovo during the period 2001-2010. (According to the Kosovo Police for 2001-2010. )

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	Total
<b>Trafficking mjerëz</b>	25	22	11	56	33	36	46	68	34	76	407
<b>Enabling prostitution</b>	8	49	19		15	21	4	13	3	13	145
<b>Prostitution</b>	15	88	33	10	12	12	13	9	9	27	228
<b>Hard labor</b>			1		1						2
<b>Other works</b>	4	25	6	11	40	28	9	8	6	5	142
<b>Total arrests</b>	52	184	70	77	101	97	72	98	52	121	924

From this table No. 1 shows the number of suspects who have been arrested for human trafficking and other offenses in connection with trafficking in persons, was too high in the period 2001-2010. While the number of persons arrested for the crime of trafficking in human beings during this period was 407 of them, or 44.05% compared to the total number of persons arrested for the criminal acts that are related to human trafficking.

### **Roads and spread of Trafficking and Prostitution**

Trafficking in human beings is a phenomenon which is known today under the term „ modern slavery "where criminal groups are involved who deal not only with the trafficking of women but also to men and children for sexual exploitation. These criminal groups operating in an organized way and in coordination with various stretching at regional, continental and intercontinental.

Trafficking of human beings must go through a process which is divided into:

- country of origin
- transit country and
- Country of destination

Countries of origin - according to the statistical data source of the European Union are: Albania, Bulgaria, Moldova, Romania, Russian Federation, Ukraine, the Middle East, China and Thailand. All these countries have many problems ranging from economic, political, gender inequality or gender discrimination.

Also one of the factors mentioned in this regard are Push and Pull factors but above all the idea that inculcated in the minds of people, whether female or male, the only solution to pass the crisis is fleeing the country at all costs not calculated the consequences. And this calculation none of the victims of trafficking do not want to believe that promises to give traffickers may be lies.

In unreasonable belief that trafficking victims forgive their performances traffickers megalomaniac affect various television centers which represent -shfaqin European standard of living of citizens and their environments. These views megalomaniac shikuesit- affect future victims which create confidence that is gained more easily off hometown, live easier and easier to achieve with a high standard of living. From what was mentioned above it appears that it is sufficient if someone approaches a potential victim with a „ offer "for „ work" in Western countries to accept it without hesitation without thinking about the dangers that can occur after.

Some of the victims of trafficking in human beings has been proven to have accepted and agree to turn into sex workers only only to go abroad (Gerxhaliu S. , Trafficking and Prostitution in Kosovo op. Cited, p. 37-38-39). Transit countries are also very important countries that are in the agenda of organized groups which organize the transportation of victims of trafficking in human beings to the countries of destination. In these countries temporarily victims traffickers decide whether to wait regulation of false documents to be expected if their re-trafficking or temporary residence to the place of destination.

Sometimes it depends on who is the victim's country of origin and thus comes into the conversion of many transit countries using different routes, different methods, different tools and transporters. which is a problem in itself for traffickers. During this journey through many transit countries a greater risk that trafficked women sexually abused by

traffickers different to the place of destination. In many cases the transit route is more difficult path where the victim breaks physically, morally and materially. And at this stage it happens to women trafficked to use force and physical violence with the aim of their submission.

Countries that are mentioned in many official notes as transit places where victims go toward the destination for the European Union countries are: Hungary, Poland, Romania, Austria, the former Yugoslavia, Albania and Italy. I do not mind that the victims of trafficking come from the Middle East, China and Thailand, from North Africa or from the Nordic countries go through different countries to the European Union. Viewed in general terms as transit countries occupy an important place in this „BUSINESSES "countries of the former USSR.

The destination countries are countries that organized criminal groups expect the victims of trafficking in human beings which should exercise the „Desire "Ancient craft prostitution. In a country of destination is where offered sex and where won by sex- i. This site can also be seasonal destination country such as different countries during the summer holidays, various international meetings in sports or any other manifestation of international character such as the Olympics or the World Football Championship etc. All this considered in a more much ingenuity by organized criminal groups who are more pragmatic and move victims from one place to another taking into account the main goal - extracting greater profits.

Among the countries of destination at the European level are (EU Faces Complications in Plan to Halt Migrants published in The International Herald Tribune, 1 June 2006 on harassment of the countries of the EU and its Commissioner for Internal Affairs and Justice, Mr. Franco Frattini on movements migrants from African countries through the Canary Islands and their entry into Spain. ): Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Netherlands, Spain, UK, Turkey and Cyprus. While the destination countries which are mentioned outside our continent: the US, Canada and Australia.

To bring victims from country of origin to country of destination traffickers shfrytzojnë many highways, waterways and ajrore. Rrugët that shfrytzojnë traffickers on their way to European Union countries are as follows:

- Balkan route
- East Street
- Way of Central Europe
- Street North Africa
- Eastern Mediterranean route



Balkan route has at least four directions: the first direction departs from Romania through Serbia as a transit country through Vojvodina in Hungary (Peter Eglauer & Johannes Steiner Service federal crime investigation in Austria, see extensively operation, Nistru "The Ministry of Interior of the Republic of Austria. See article Trafficking broadly, the impact of information and education in the perception of its prevention, Regional Survey, the authors Ilir Gëdeshi Leke Sokoli, Haxhijaj Silvana Ruth Rosenberg and published in the journal Policy & Society 2006 Tirana).

- The second direction leads from Bulgaria passes through Serbia in Belgrade specifically -Kroaci Sid passes toward Austria. Criminal groups also use the territory of Serbia for the last victims of trafficking from Eastern countries in Bosnia and Herzegovina through the Drina River. In certain areas of this river can be crossed throughout the year even on foot or using small boats.
- The third direction of this road passes by departments in Kosovo-Macedonia (Hani i Elezi Mitrovica North) -Bosnje Serbia and Croatia-Slovenia Hercegovinë- westward.
- The fourth direction departs from Eastern countries (Moldova, Romania, Belarus) Serbia-Macedonia-Greece (through highway Belgrade-Skopje-Thessaloniki) This movement is easy for traffickers since these countries have a more relaxed visa regime

for their citizens and then entered illegally in Greece or in Cyprus. Although it is rare that follow the path that traffickers running fourth but it exists passing from Romania through Serbia-Montenegro-Italy or Serbia in Kosovo, Albania and Italy. This road used more after the 90 th of Albania (Vlora was known as a city of rapid gomoneve-motor boats which transported the victims to Italy) and Montenegro (the city of Bari where boats could go straight through town Bari in Italy). Now this road is passable for less Adriatic Sea shore is controlled by European joint police force coded Operation „ Antenna "based in Vlora including the Guardia di Finanza of Italy „. In Vlora now exists Center of Anti-Trafficking which include a member of the police force multinational Greece, Germany, Italy and Albania, which deals mainly with fighting and cutting the yarns of organized crime which has operated in this part of the Balkans . Here it should be mentioned that INTERFORCE Tirana operates in collaboration with the Italian security forces in an operation code „ Antenna "

2. East Street include trafficking in human beings through Ruse- Federation Belarus to Poland as a gateway to the EU

3. Way of Central Europe Includes the trafficking of human beings from the Far East and the Near -Ukraina- right-Russia Czech and Slovakia - EU (Baseline Research on smuggling of Migrants in, from and through Central Asia, IOM, September 2006 Wien, Austria. According to the research of trafficking of human beings and smuggling of people from the Far East via Kazakhstan, Kirgystanit and Tagjikistanit, aided by criminal groups, travel agencies, and the official embassies of Kyrgyzstan in India and Pakistan that traffickers were sold Tourist Visas for immigrants up to 400 \$ USA. From here take the above mentioned countries where they regulate the Schengen visa and other documents to continue the road to Europe. The road to Europe migrants were cost of US \$ 6000-8000. See extensively page 42 and 44).

4. Street North Africa includes trafficking of human being through fair Algeria Malta-Italy and Spain

5. Eastern Mediterranean route include trafficking of human being from the former USSR-Bulgaria through Romania's toward Turkey.

Roads which shfrytzojnë traffickers to human beings brought in from Eastern countries mainly pass through Serbia, Bulgaria and Macedonia to Kosovo. Shfrytzojnë traffickers mainly Serbia and Novi Pazar Beogad- way across the border between Kosovo and Serbia in Leposavic and continue to Kosovo Polje and then distributed throughout Kosovo from Serbia and the other frontier Merdare-Pristina Kosovo. According to the IOM in Kosovo for 2000-2003, it appears that traffickers have brought in women from Eastern countries and Serbia-Kosovo border crossing illegally over 50% of cases. But it must be admitted that there are also air which shfrytzojnë traffickers to bring victims of trafficking in Kosovo. In the same study it appears that traffickers exploited the air route from Russia, Moldova, Ukraine, Romania, through Hungary, Austria, Switzerland, Bulgaria and Turkey have entered Kosovo through the Pristina airport (project return and reintegration, IOM Office s Office in Kosovo against Trafikimit-2000-2001-2002 p 7).

Of 379 cases of trafficking victims who assist the IOM in Kosovo 10. 6% were children under 14. Of this number 14% of the victims were sexually keqtrjuara first in their

families and they achieve in Kosovo. Only 2.21% of them were sex workers, which means that they knowingly entered and practice prostitution. 24. Only 40% of women have passed the borders of Kosovo legally, and 23. 20% of them have crossed the border of Kosovo illegally. Less than 55% of females had Kety passport to identify himself when, 94 people had udhëtmit documents that traffickers had been taken, and about 1/3 (109 of them) have passed the Kosovo border without travel documents (Child Trafficking in Kosovo, UNICEF Kosvovë, June 2004, page 20-21).

These are some of the possible routes that traffickers use to insert victims of trafficking in destination countries but does not mean that they are forced to use only these streets. In this regard, they are very flexible and also choose other ways which are less known to the authorities for the rule of law. Recruitment of victims of trafficking is done by certain persons as stated above if the people amateur, middle level individual in ,, hierarchy "criminal or persons high level of criminal groups who use different methods.

Different traffickers using their skills leave in search of the market and thus create links with recruiters who are always ready ,, worker "if the government or can simply call them are local staff ,,," whose task is to identify the victims. In the category of recruiters, according to study data found people of both sexes and persons close to the victims. They have very good knowledge about the situation of potential victims because they live in an environment, they know their problems and worries, they know their desires and ambitions. By possessing the information, selecting the victims, they promise jobs abroad taking over their responsibility in place of destination. With these actions they are transformed into ,, savior "are introduced into the trap ee hallegjinjtë pakthi trafficking.

Recruiters always exploited the difficult economic situation of potential victims in the district of their low level of education, unemployment, gender discrimination religious and ethnic discrimination, domestic violence and abuse various whether institutional or family conflict situations (wars and military conflicts) They approach them by creating a false picture (first victim) for the country of destination. During operation recruiters are interested to recruit as many women of different ages, including minority but ,, target "their turn not only by persons mentioned above but they put their skills to the net ,,," the ,, fish "others who seek to exercise and develop their career abroad. This means that recruiters ,, mark "for the recruitment of persons who are employed, various intellectuals who have ambitions of their skills to earn much more in the western countries. And actions of this category of persons who have a modest life of extinguish doubts bodies rule of law, because everything looks as legal migration (Basic knowledge against trafficking in human beings, published by IOM Kosovo, 2007, page 42 Case Eva a 23 years old girl from the former USSR who knew several languages, was a graduate of atomic inzhinieri high notes, the divorced mother of a child, math teacher with a monthly salary of 140 dollars. There was issued its place work claiming a better life, left the country legally-visa and had completed a prostitute in a nightclub in Switzerland. From 80 euros profit should give bar manager. She works for a salary in 2000 uro per month). In this case every action seems legal because recruiters prepare any documents to leave the country, attributing the role of rescuer myself that I find is the Life brings the victim a chance to escape from the economic crisis.

Also, recruiters take the role of savior for all the time of recruitment of victims are very close to them, are cooperative, they bring money, help in arranging documents, help in

transportation and border crossing, setting the flats along the border. Even while waiting for traffickers to deliver better victims or say to sell them when they are very polite. Because their task is to attract, sending up the place, and then surrender them to traffickers.

All their activity of the recruiter can be counted in the forms which they use to lure victims of honor that their promises are to:

- employment abroad
- employment in clubs as dancers
- marriages with foreigners etc.

Recruiters like „ angels always appear savior "in moments of crisis stand „ help " hallegjinjëve, but when the victim enters into their clutches is more difficult to leave because they (recruiters) use the most brutal forms during recruitment (Shabani A., Bojanic N., Obradovic V., (2007), Human module of human trafficking, NRF Sarajevo, Pristina p. 38) (without the desire of it) such as:

- Use of force against the victims of trafficking
- Kidnapping
- Threat there and aggression
- Blackmail
- Various frauds
- Fraud through drug use
- The conditionality
- Keqpërdrimi severe circumstances of another person
- Misuse of official position
- The sale of the victim by the families of his / her

After recruitment phase of victims began in the country of destination. All this work is achieved thanks to a better organization of their cross-border transportation or may occur transporting victims ie mbreda country. their movement from one region to another space mbreda state of a country and abroad.

Transportation of victims trafkimit of human beings made by various means of transport (aquatic, terrestrial and aerial) and in two variants: directly at the place of destination where shortly after arrival is subject to exploitation Sexual ie starts prostitution or transported in phases each Includes phase of shrytzimit their way. Organized criminal groups submit the victims to their owners or to other traffickers selling them and thus turned into slaves credit „ „, credit" which should write only earning money on the street. However it must be recognized that during the transportation carriers ensure that victims be transported in the most comfortable and in any case not to have the possibility of law enforcement bodies to create doubts. Autojmete victims transported by different trains, boats, boat, foot and in all cases should create a legal movement mirror either inside or outside the state border. Crossing the border can be done with forged documents but in most cases this is done through the border crossing of legitimate ways and so quite normal. Traffickers were pay attention to countries that do not have a legal basis where required strictly adhering to the rules of crossing the border. They orient victims of trafficking in countries where criminal groups have a „, comfort "and whose activity „, komuflohet" thing for the exercise of their legal business. Crossing the border is done under the supervision and organization of criminal groups or individual. Until the victim does not exceed its limit the state still has a self-confidence but over the state border it falls completely under the



orders of traffickers and smugglers different and here begins the phase of their exploitation. This exploitation of victims is done in various ways ranging:

- the issuance in the market to sell other traffickers
- extracting them on the street to beg
- with their nxjerrjene labor market in agriculture and in performing other heavy as in ores, work in chemical factories, on the site of construction and oil fields ekspoitimit
- to extract them on the road to practice the craft of prostitution
- their obligation to prostitution in night clubs, motels, hotels
- their obligation to follow the traveling businessman official ,, "etc.
- connection or sale of victims of forced marriage
- selling to the victims for the sex industry and pornography
- sale of trafficking victims of armed conflicts
- the sale of organs of internal trafficking victims
- order the sale of children for illegal adoption

So from this it appears that victims of trafficking are women of different ages, men up to a certain age and children who are trafficked illegally in destination countries paying large sums of money ([http:// www. Iabolish. Org / modern\\_slavery](http://www.Iabolish.Org/modern_slavery)). In literature this modern slavery is characterized in various forms such as:

- branding their sale ,, Chattel Slavery "
- bills are credit
- sexual slaves
- Work violent
- Marriage by e-mail (mail order brides)
- Sex tourism
- The sale of internal organs

## CONCLUSION

Trafficking in human beings is a phenomenon which is known today under the term ,, modern slavery "where criminal groups are involved who deal not only with the trafficking of women but also to men and children for sexual exploitation. These criminal groups operating in an organized way and in coordination with various stretching at regional, continental and intercontinental.

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